

# *Integration of motion and form cues for the perception of self-motion in the human brain*

Article

Other

Figure 2

Kuai, S.-G., Shan, Z.-K.-D., Chen, J., Xu, Z.-X., Li, J.-M., Field, D. T. ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4041-8404> and Li, L. (2020) Integration of motion and form cues for the perception of self-motion in the human brain. *The Journal of Neuroscience*, 40 (5). pp. 1120-1132. ISSN 1529-2401 doi: 10.1523/JNEUROSCI.3225-18.2019 Available at <https://centaur.reading.ac.uk/88279/>

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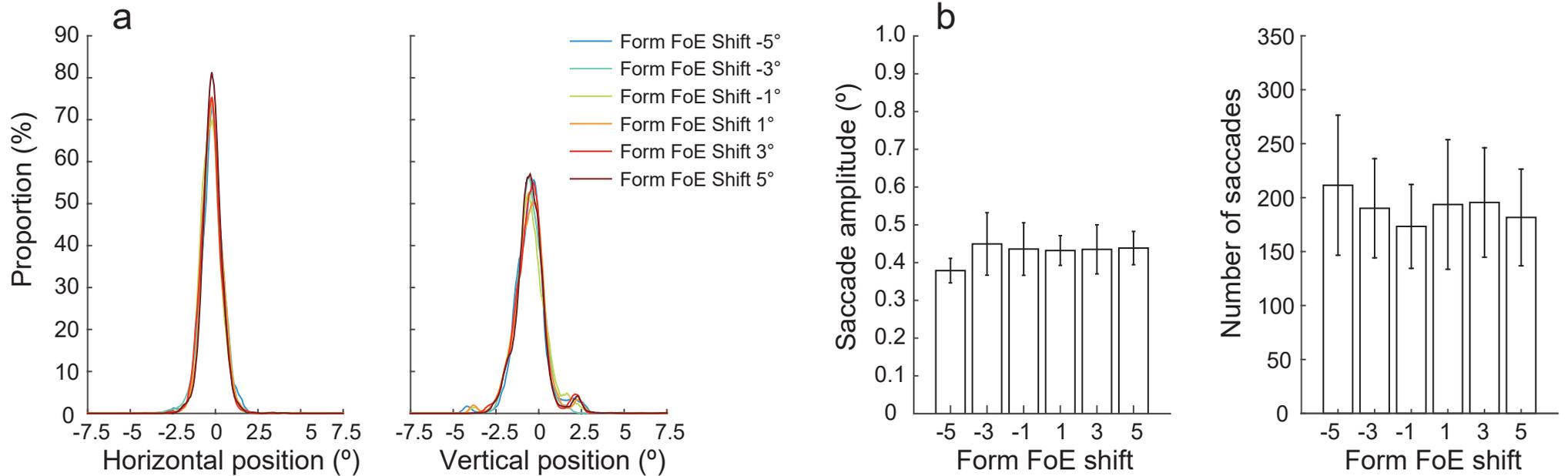
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## Experiment 1



## Experiment 2

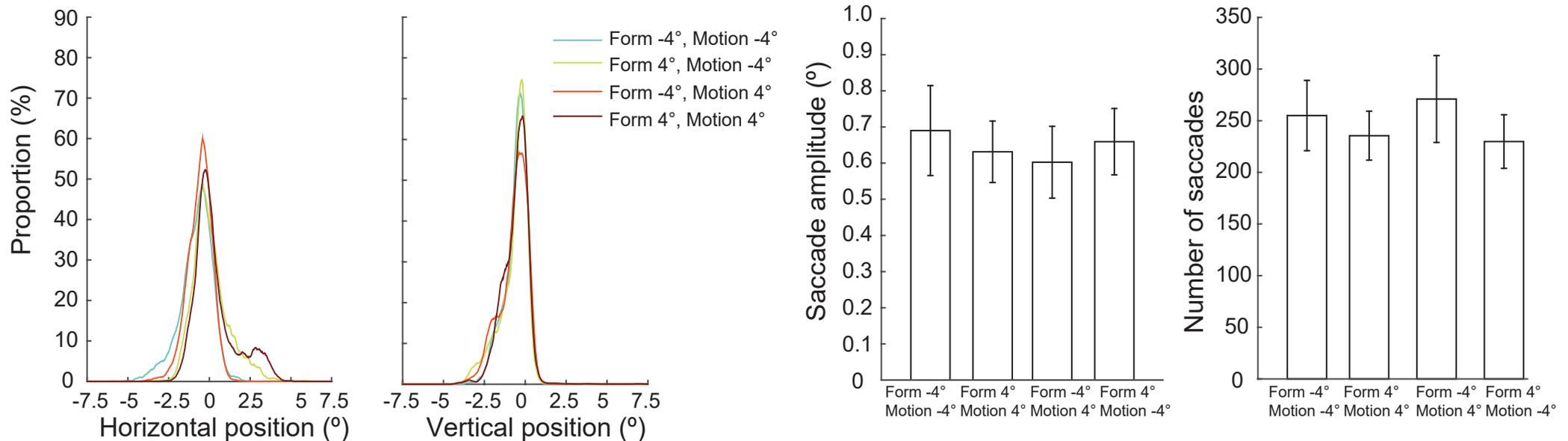


Figure S2. Eye movement data. (a) The proportion of eye position data of six participants as a function of the deviation between eye fixation and the center of the display along horizontal and vertical directions for the stimulus conditions in Experiments 1 (upper panels) and 2 (lower panels). (b) The saccade amplitude and the number of saccades against the stimulus conditions in Experiments 1 (upper panels) and 2 (lower panels). The error bars indicate SEs across six participants.