

The combined influence of the stratospheric polar vortex and ENSO on zonal asymmetries in the Southern Hemisphere upper tropospheric circulation during austral spring and summer

Article

Supplemental Material

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- The Combined Influence of the Stratospheric Polar Vortex and
- ENSO on Zonal Asymmetries in the Southern Hemisphere Upper
- ³ Tropospheric Circulation during Austral Spring and Summer:
- Supplementary material

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6		April 26, 2021	

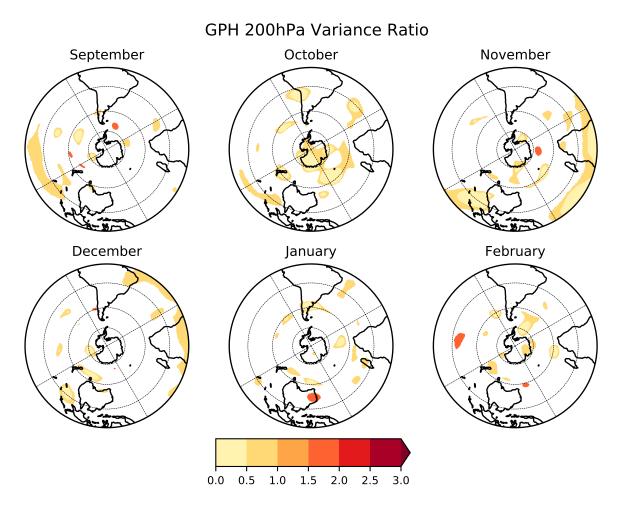


Figure S1: Ratio of climatological variance of Z at 200hPa between hindcasts and ERA-Interim for (a) September, (b) October, (c) November, (d) December, (e) January, (f) February 1981-2018. The year 2002 has been excluded. Coloured regions indicate differences that are statistically different at the 5% level based on a two-sided chi-square test. Hindcasts initialized on 1 August.

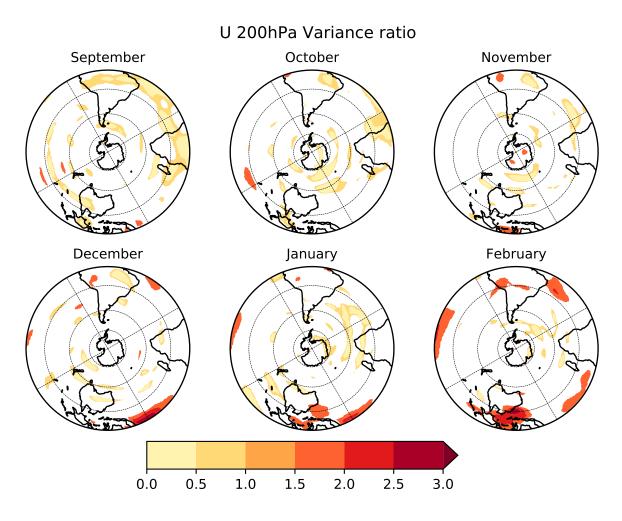


Figure S2: Same as Fig. S1 but for zonal wind u.

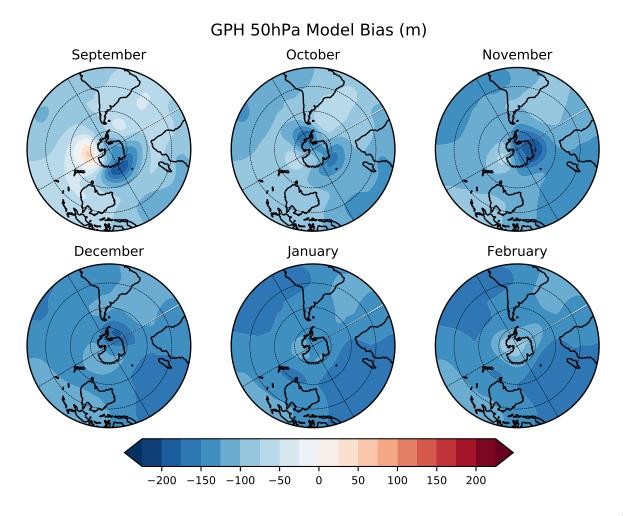


Figure S3: Monthly mean climatological differences in Z at 50hPa between hindcasts and ERA-Interim (m) for (a) September, (b) October, (c) November, (d) December, (e) January, (f) February 1981-2018. The year 2002 has been excluded. Coloured regions indicate differences that are statistically different at the 5% level based on a two-sided t-test. Hindcasts initialized on 1 August.

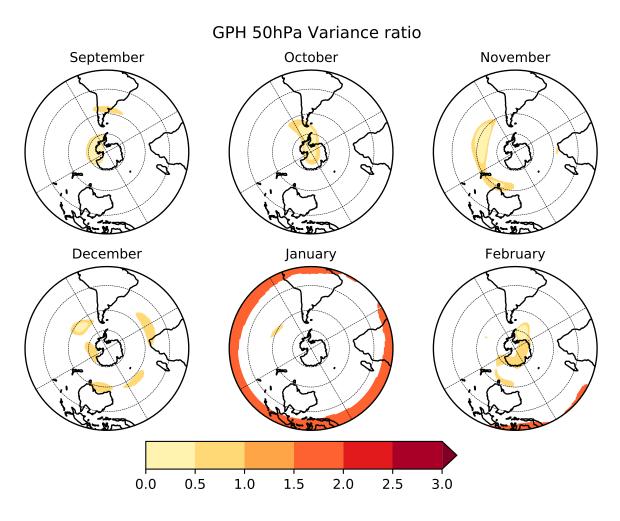


Figure S4: Same as Fig. S1 but for Z at 50hPa.

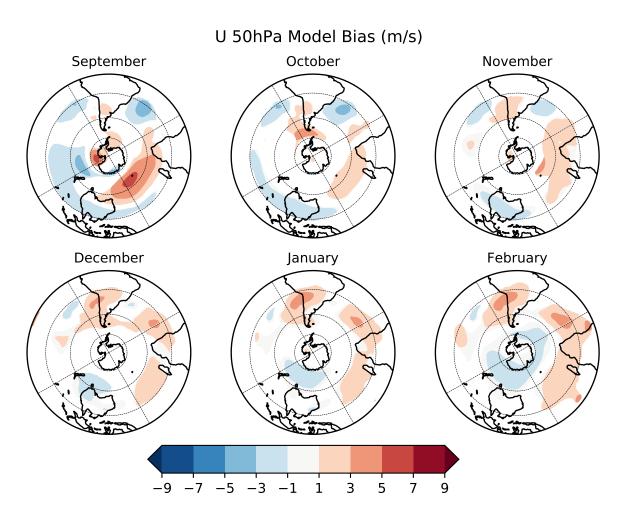


Figure S5: Same as Fig. S3 but for zonal wind u.

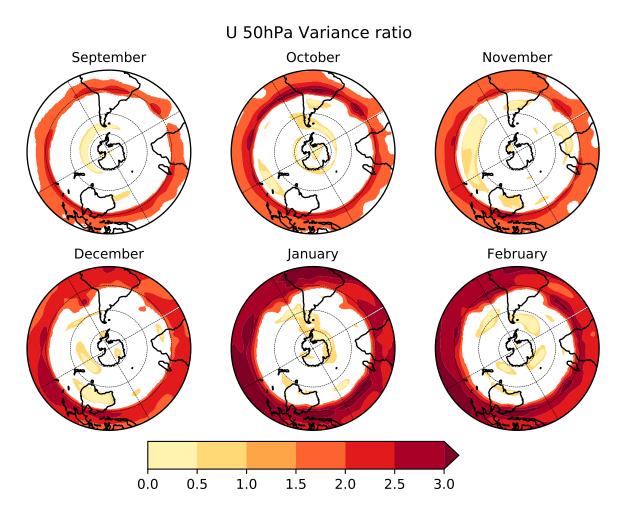


Figure S6: Same as Fig. S2 but for zonal wind u at 50hPa.

Composites Z* 50hPa NIÑO-NIÑA years - Oct

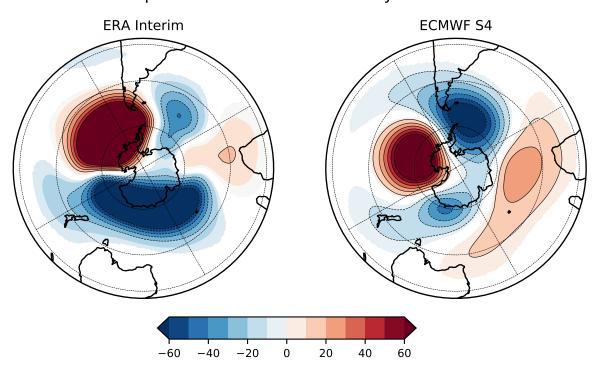


Figure S7: Composite differences of Z^* at 50hPa between El Niño and La Niña in October for (a) ERA-Interim and (b) hindcasts. Units are in m and coloured regions are statistically different from zero at the 5% level based on a t-test.

Composites Z* 50hPa Weak-Strong SPV years - Oct

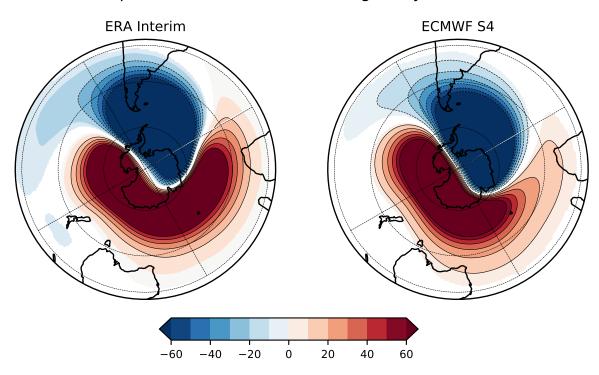


Figure S8: Composite differences of Z^* at 50hPa between weak and strong SPV in October for (a) ERA-Interim and (b) hindcasts. Units are in m and coloured regions are statistically different from zero at the 5% level based on a t-test.

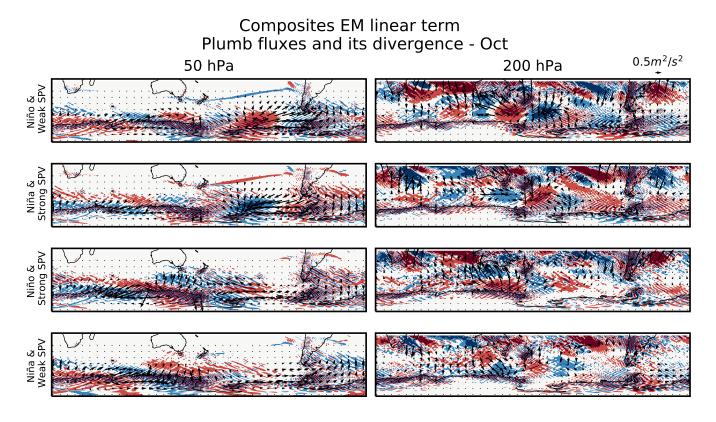


Figure S9: Linear term of the ensemble mean response of the wave activity flux response (arrows) and its divergence (shaded) at 50hPa (left column) and 200hPa (right column) to in-phase and out-of-phase events. Convergence (divergence) levels are \pm 0.3e-6 ms^{-2} and \pm 1e-6 ms^{-2} .

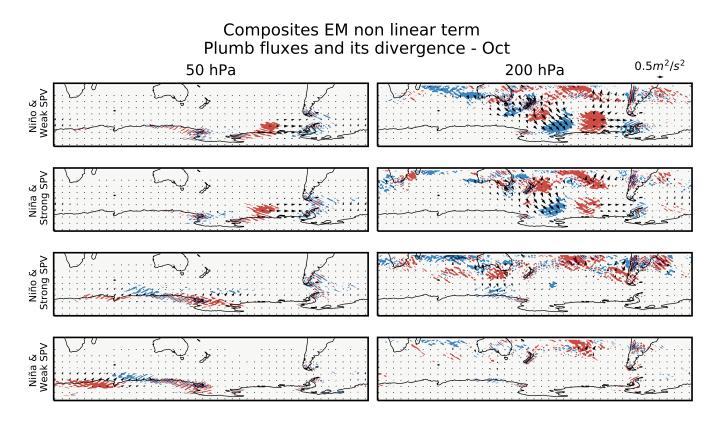


Figure S10: Same as Fig. S9 but for the non-linear term of the ensemble mean response.