

Digital transformation and artificial intelligence in organizations

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Digital transformation and artificial intelligence in organizations

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Abstract

Digital transformation revolutionizes how businesses provide value by seamlessly integrating digital technologies into operations, strategies, and culture. Its core objectives encompass enhanced efficiency, elevated customer experiences, and heightened competitiveness, while ensuring adaptability in the face of swiftly evolving technology and market landscapes. A key enabler in this transformation is Artificial Intelligence (AI), which infuses intelligence and automation into digital technology utilization. AI's capabilities encompass mining and analyzing diverse organizational data to unearth patterns that drive recommendations and inferences. For instance, customer data analysis unveils preferences, enabling personalized marketing and lucrative opportunities such as cross-selling and upselling. AI, with its pattern recognition, inference, recommendation, and predictive analytics, is at the forefront of driving digital transformation in organizations.

1. Introduction

“Digital” and “transformation” are perhaps the most frequently coined words in management speak today. While transformation means different things to different audiences, its value and significance are neither misunderstood nor underestimated by organizations. Ironically, the Cambridge and Oxford definitions also agree on the meaning of transformation as “a complete change in the appearance or character of something or someone...” The ubiquitous nature of digital technologies since the advent of computing has only made digital transformation an ideal for companies around the world. As various technologies mature and proliferate, the nature and potential of certain technologies, such as AI, today take prominence as enabling technologies with ample promise in digitally transforming organizational realities.

1.1 Transforming organizations

Mark Twain said, “if you want to change the future, you must change what you are doing in the present.” While this may seem obvious, organizations tend to settle into norms and practices to often continue under the pretense of making “continuous improvements” while maintaining the status-quo.

Transformation is a complete change – a “new” state that is different to the former. Transforming organizations deliver superior customer experience and greater value to their shareholders by systematically studying and effecting changes to their people, processes, and systems. For instance, adopting newer tools and technologies to make changes to the way in which people work together, and utilizing enabling technologies to fundamentally change end to end business processes to deliver operational efficiencies, organizations can move towards digitally transforming to a new state, a new and better organizational reality.

Studies led by management consultants working in different sectors show that although more than 80% of firms embark on some form of digital transformation, less than 20% realize their intended benefits.¹ This statistic on the low success rate is hard to ignore, as the reality seems all too familiar with emerging technologies of the past – Business Process Reengineering (BPR) in the eighties, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems in the nineties, Service Oriented Architectures (SOA) in the new millennium, and Application Program Interfaces (API) in the last decade. Despite the promise and potential of these technologies, success has been much harder to achieve.

Aside from investing more on technologies and digitization initiatives, what are organizations doing to increase the success rate? What are the strategic imperatives to ensure success in digital transformation? Digital transformation initiatives often stall because of a number of challenges, yet there are opportunities that lead to viable strategies for ensuring successful outcomes.

2. What is digital transformation?

Digital transformation encompasses a broader strategic shift in thinking to fundamentally change the way in which a business delivers value to customers. By integrating digital technologies into various facets of an organization’s operations, strategies, and culture, digital transformation aims to improve efficiency, customer experience, and competitiveness, while enabling organizations to adapt to rapidly evolving technological advancements and market conditions.

Though strategic imperatives evoke digital transformation initiatives, core constituents of any digital transformation program must identify its drivers and enablers (Table 1).

As can be inferred from the drivers of digital transformation, successful initiatives require a clear vision, strong leadership, adequate financial resources, and a willingness to

Table 1: Drivers for, and enablers of, digital transformation	
Drivers	Enablers
Innovative business model	Create new revenue streams and market opportunities by reimagining business models to leverage digital channels and technologies.
Agility	Agile decision making and resource allocations by adapting to changing market dynamics, facilitated by digital tools and platforms.
Customer centricity	Deliver custom solutions, and improve customer satisfaction, placing the customer at the center of business strategies and using digital tools to enhance customer engagement.
Technology adoption	Embrace technologies such as cloud computing, data analytics, artificial intelligence, the Internet of Things (IoT), and automation to streamline processes, gain insights, and enhance decision-making.
Cultural shift	Foster a culture of innovation, collaboration, and digital literacy within the organization by encouraging employees to embrace and drive digital initiatives.
Collaboration	Create synergies with partners, suppliers, and even competitors to unlock new value by collaborating within the industry’s digital ecosystems.
Data utilization	Collect, analyze, and utilize data to understand customer behaviors, optimize operations, and create personalized experiences by leveraging data as a strategic asset.
Security and compliance	Implement robust cybersecurity measures and ensure regulatory compliance as data and digital processes become more critical.

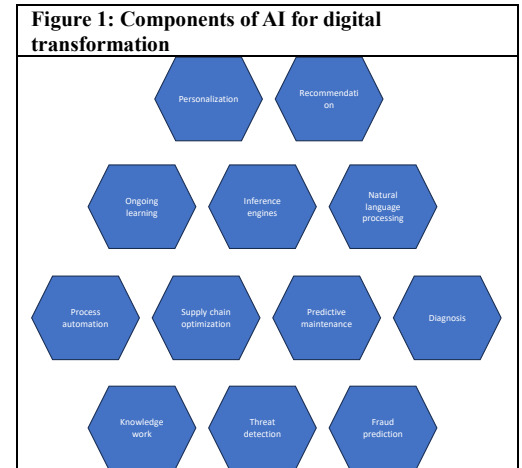
¹ <https://tinyurl.com/ys3xe9a9>

change. It is also clear from the enablers of digital transformation that organizations must embrace change to choose, implement, and adopt effective technologies to be best positioned in a rapidly evolving digital landscape,

As digital transformation initiatives aim to improve competitiveness through achieving business process efficiencies in delivering superior customer experience, rapidly evolving technologies such as AI, have a significant role as they have the potential to deliver sustainable competitive advantage to organizations.

3. What is the role of AI in digital transformation?

AI plays a crucial role in digital transformation by infusing the intelligence and automation to make the most of digital technologies. AI technologies mine and analyze different types of data in organizations and identify patterns to make inferences and recommendations. For instance, by analyzing customer data, such as products sold or services delivered, organizations can mine such data over a period of time to identify patterns in customer preferences.² These analytic insights create opportunities for personalized marketing campaigns, cross selling related products and services, up selling of frequently bought products and services, etc., AI technologies, such as pattern recognition algorithms, inference engines, recommendation engines, and predictive analytic engines, offer several ways in which AI contributes to digital transformation.³ Components of AI that enable digital transformation (Figure 1) include:



- **Personalization:** by analyzing customer data, personalized customer experiences can be created based on consumption patterns, tailoring products, services, and recommendations to suit individual preferences. Personalization enhances customer engagement and builds customer loyalty.
- **Recommendation:** by gaining insights on user interactions in websites, e-commerce and digital platforms, recommendation engines can suggest relevant products, services, and/or content to users, increasing user engagement and sales leads.
- **Learning:** thorough repetitions, AI algorithms can continuously learn from data and adapt to changing conditions, ensuring that organizations remain responsive to rapidly evolving business environments.
- **Inference engine:** machine learning algorithms can process vast amounts of data quickly and extract valuable insights. These analytic insights enable organizations to make data-driven decisions, identify trends, and to understand customer behaviors with greater accuracy.
- **Natural language processing (NLP):** by analyzing language constructs, machines can process natural language to understand and interact with human language. Knowledge agents, such as ChatGPT, chatbots, and virtual customer services assistants, use NLP to help improve customer support and communication.
- **Process automation:** robots and AI can help streamline operations and handle routine tasks, reduce manual tasks and errors, and optimize business processes, freeing up employees for more strategic work.
- **Supply chain optimization:** by optimizing logistics and associated business processes, predicting demand, managing inventory, leading to cost savings and improved customer satisfaction, AI can optimize supply chain operations.
- **Predictive maintenance:** based on sensor data and historical information, AI algorithms can predict equipment failures or maintenance needs, reducing downtime and improving efficiency, in industries like manufacturing and healthcare.
- **Diagnosis:** by analyzing patient data in healthcare, AI can assist in interpreting medical images, diagnosing diseases, and aiding in more accurate and timely healthcare decisions.
- **Automation of knowledge work:** AI knowledge agents, such as ChatGPT, perform tasks traditionally associated with human expertise, such as legal research, financial analysis, and even creative content generation.
- **Threat detection:** cybersecurity tools using AI algorithms can identify and respond to security threats in real time, helping protect an organization's digital assets and sensitive information.

² Calp, M. H., 2020, "The role of artificial intelligence within the scope of digital transformation in enterprises," Advanced MIS and digital transformation for increased creativity and innovation in business, IGI Global, 122-146

³ Davenport, T. H., and N. Mittal, 2023, "How companies can prepare for the coming "AI-first" world," Strategy & Leadership 51:1, 26-30

- **Fraud Detection:** by analyzing transaction data and identifying unusual patterns or behaviors, AI algorithms can detect fraudulent activities thereby enhancing security and reducing financial losses.

Overall, AI serves as a critical enabler of digital transformation, helping organizations harness the power of data, automate processes, enhance customer experiences, and sustain competitiveness. Capability of AI algorithms to learn and adapt continuously makes it an invaluable asset in the digital transformation efforts.

AI relies on digital neural networks, which are inspired by the structure and functioning of the human brain. They can mimic the way humans learn from data, making them a powerful tool for solving problems that involve learning and adaptation.

4. How are neural networks significant in AI?

Neural networks are of significant importance in the field of AI. They can be adapted and trained for a wide range of tasks, from image and speech recognition to recommendation systems and game playing. Neural networks can be designed for continuous learning,⁴ allowing them to adapt and improve over time as new data becomes available. This adaptability is crucial for AI systems that need to stay current and relevant. The versatility of neural networks makes them a foundational technology in AI (Figure 2). Neural networks can also scale to handle large and complex datasets. Modern deep learning models are designed to work with massive amounts of data, which is increasingly available in digital transformations in finance.

- Pattern recognition:** neural networks excel at recognizing and learning complex patterns in data, making them well-suited for tasks such as image recognition, speech recognition, and natural language processing. This pattern recognition capability is fundamental in many AI applications, including finance.
- Deep learning:** deep neural networks, also known as deep learning models, have revolutionized AI. These networks consist of multiple layers of interconnected neurons (hence the term “deep”). They can automatically learn hierarchical representations of data, which is essential for tasks like image and speech recognition. Deep learning has achieved remarkable success in various AI domains, from autonomous driving to natural language understanding.
- Generalization:** neural networks can generalize from the data they are trained on to make predictions or classifications on unseen data. This ability to generalize is a key characteristic of AI systems.
- Autonomous decision-making:** neural networks can make autonomous decisions based on the patterns and information they have learned. This capability is essential for AI applications like autonomous vehicles, robotics, and natural language understanding.
- Automation:** once trained, neural networks can automate tasks that would be labor-intensive or time-consuming for humans. This automation can lead to significant efficiency gains and cost savings in various industries.

Figure 2: Capabilities of Neural Networks

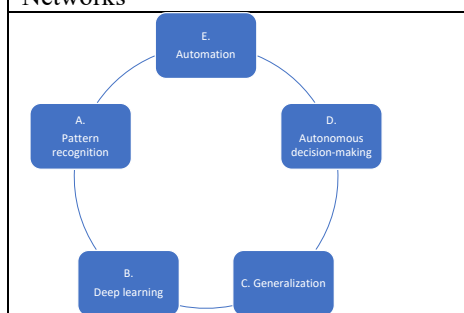


Figure 3: Origins of challenges in digital transformation

Data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Privacy and security • Quality and integration • Governance
People	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Skills • Change management • Ethics
Systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Legacy systems • Costs and ROI • Scalability
Organization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulatory compliance • Sustainability • Risk management

Neural networks are a cornerstone of modern AI due to their ability to learn complex patterns (A, B), adapt to new information (C), and automate tasks (D, E) across a wide range of applications. Their effectiveness in handling large datasets and their capacity for continuous learning make them a driving force behind many AI advancements and innovations. Their applications are found in a wide range of disciplines, including finance (e.g., fraud detection and trading algorithms), healthcare (e.g., diagnosis and drug discovery), marketing (e.g., recommendation systems), and more. Their interdisciplinary nature makes them a valuable tool for solving diverse problems in varied digital transformation initiatives.

5. Challenges in digital transformation and adoption of AI

Digital transformation and AI adoption bring about numerous benefits, but they also come with several challenges that organizations must navigate. Key challenges in digital transformation and AI implementation stem from data, people, systems, and organizational issues (Figure 3):

⁴ Smith, J., 2021, “The significance of neural networks in artificial intelligence,” Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research 10:3, 123-135

Data are ubiquitous in digital transformation programs that ensuring security and privacy is paramount. With the increased reliance on digital technologies and data collection, organizations face heightened concerns about data privacy and security. Protecting sensitive information from breaches and ensuring compliance with data protection regulations, such as GDPR in the U.K., is a significant challenge. In addition, ensuring quality of data and integrating is another challenge. Data used for AI and digital transformation initiatives must be of high quality, accurate, and consistent. Integrating data from various sources and formats can be complex and time-consuming, leading to challenges in data preparation. As such, establishing robust data governance practices, including cataloguing data, properly tracking origins, and controlling access, is essential for managing data effectively. Implementing these practices, ensuring data security and privacy, data quality and integration, and proper governance can be challenging.

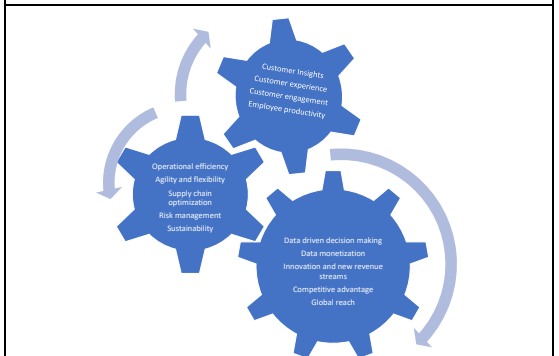
People are the backbone of organizations, and as such ensuring skilled and talented professionals with expertise in AI, machine learning, data science, and cybersecurity can be a daunting proposition in digital transformation programs. In addition, transforming an organization's culture and processes can face resistance from employees who are accustomed to traditional ways of doing things. Effective change management strategies are essential to ensure that employees embrace new processes, technologies, and workflows. Moreover, AI systems can inadvertently perpetuate biases present in historical data, and as such ensuring fairness, transparency, and ethical use of AI is a growing challenge. Organizations must address skilling up, resourcing, change management, and bias and discrimination issues to ensure effectiveness of digital transformation programs, and maintain trust and avoid legal and reputational consequences.

Systems organizations use, are not easily integrated with modern technologies. Many organizations have legacy systems that are costly and complex to replace or upgrade. In addition, implementing digital transformation initiatives often requires substantial investments in technology, training, and infrastructure that measuring and demonstrating a clear return on investment (RoI) can be a challenge, particularly in the short term. Further, as organizations grow, their digital infrastructure and AI capabilities must scale to accommodate increased data volumes and user demands. Ensuring scalability without sacrificing performance is another challenge. It is, therefore, essential for organizations to plan for the integration of legacy systems effectively, establish RoI targets, and ensure a scalable technology platform for the future.

Organizational readiness for digital transformation is a real challenge in terms of compliance with evolving regulatory frameworks, especially in industries like finance and healthcare. Staying abreast of regulatory changes and adapting systems accordingly is as essential as ensuring that concerns around the environmental impact of data centers and AI computations are managed in such a way as to find sustainable solutions to reduce their carbon footprint. In addition, managing risks such as reliance and/or dependence on a single vendor, specific technology, or platform, is a challenge. Organizations must, therefore, ensure a framework for regulatory compliance, sustainability, and risk management to be successful in their digital transformation initiatives.

Addressing these challenges requires a holistic approach that combines technology, leadership, organizational culture, and ongoing learning and adaptation. In the case of AI-driven tools and applications, user adoption can be challenging if users are not familiar with, or resistant to, AI technologies. Organizations that successfully navigate these challenges are better positioned to reap the benefits of digital transformation and AI innovation opportunities.

Figure 4: Opportunities with digital transformation



6. Opportunities with digital transformation and AI

Notwithstanding the myriad of challenges, digital transformation presents numerous core opportunities for organizations across various industries. As discussed earlier, these opportunities can lead to improved efficiency, customer experiences, competitiveness, and innovation (figure 4).

Major opportunities associated with digital transformation come through data analytics, where organizations can gain **customer insights**, a deep understanding of customer behavior and preferences. As discussed earlier, these insights help refine marketing strategies, improve product design, and tailor offerings to specific customer segments.

Through data analysis and AI-driven customer insights, organizations can offer better product recommendations, and improved customer support. As such, digital transformation enables organizations to provide personalized and seamless **customer experiences**. Digital channels such as social media, chatbots, and mobile apps enable organizations to engage with customers in real-time, gather feedback, and provide instant support, improving **customer engagement**. Moreover, digital tools can improve **employee productivity** and satisfaction by automating repetitive tasks, offering remote work options, and providing access to training and development resources. Digital tools also facilitate **collaboration** among employees, partners, and customers, enhancing **connectivity**, and communication tools enable remote work, global partnerships, and real-time collaboration, improving **employee productivity**.

Operational efficiencies are at the heart of any digital transformation initiative, as automation and digital tools streamline business processes, reducing manual tasks and the potential for errors. This leads to increased operational efficiency, cost savings, and faster response times, providing organizational **agility and flexibility** to respond to market conditions more easily. As discussed earlier, digital transformation can **optimize supply chain** management, reducing costs, improving inventory management, and enhancing overall efficiency. As discussed previously, predictive analytics and AI can help in risk identification and mitigation, helping organizations proactively **manage risks** and vulnerabilities. Moreover, digital technologies have been proven to reduce environmental impact,⁵ contributing to **sustainability** goals, and appealing to eco-conscious consumers.

The greatest of all opportunities in digital transformation lies in **data-driven decision-making**, as digital transformation initiatives allow organizations to collect and analyze vast amounts of data. As discussed, leveraging data analytics and business intelligence tools, decision-makers can make informed choices based on real-time insights, improving resource allocations and strategic planning. In addition, organizations can explore opportunities to **monetize their data** by offering data-driven services or insights to other businesses.

Furthermore, digital technologies infuse **innovation** where companies can develop new products, services, and business models that cater to changing customer needs. This can result in the creation of **new revenue streams** and market opportunities. Consequently, organizations that embrace digital transformation gain a **competitive advantage**, adapting more quickly to market changes, responding faster to customer demands, and staying ahead of competitors who are slower to adopt digital technologies. Thus, digital transformation enables organizations to expand market reach and create opportunities for international growth, **reaching a global audience** for their products and services.

7. A framework for successful digital transformation

Organizations transform themselves not only by investing in enabling digital technologies, but also by implementing the right strategies to ensure success in digital transformation. Visionary leadership, inspiring and leading change in every area of the business, is critical for realizing transformation objectives.

A useful LEAD-CHANGE-TRANSFORM framework (Figure 5), where strategic business leadership to ensure necessary changes are implemented in data, processes, systems, and people is proposed to enhance the degree of success in digital transformation initiatives.

Conclusion

Digital transformation offers a wide range of opportunities for organizations to improve their operations, stay competitive, and deliver enhanced value to customers. These opportunities span across multiple aspects of business, including customer engagement, operational efficiency, innovation, and global expansion. Digital transformation and AI adoption come with several challenges that organizations must navigate. Despite these challenges, digital transformation presents numerous core opportunities for organizations across various industries to gain a sustainable competitive advantage.

Figure 5: A framework for successful digital transformation				
Lead	Strategic business leadership Strong goal-oriented leadership on digital transformation initiatives from the senior management			
Change	People (Talent acquisition and employee engagement)	Processes (Optimised value chain and end to end process automation)	Systems (Proprietary and off the shelf tools and technologies to best-fit solutions)	Data (Mission critical data for information portal)
Transform	Digital Transformation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sector leading Profit margin/value creation ▪ Greater growth and earnings ▪ Improved shareholder returns 			

⁵ <https://tinyurl.com/yckbwwzv>