

*Public policy-making and risk profiles:
Scandinavian centre-right governments
after the turn of the millennium*

Article

Supplemental Material

Table 1

Arndt, C. (2017) Public policy-making and risk profiles:
Scandinavian centre-right governments after the turn of the
millennium. *European Political Science Review*, 9 (4). pp. 495-
518. ISSN 1755-7739 doi: 10.1017/S1755773916000072
Available at <https://centaur.reading.ac.uk/72894/>

It is advisable to refer to the publisher's version if you intend to cite from the
work. See [Guidance on citing](#).

Published version at: <https://doi.org/10.1017/S1755773916000072>

To link to this article DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1017/S1755773916000072>

Publisher: Cambridge University Press

All outputs in CentAUR are protected by Intellectual Property Rights law,
including copyright law. Copyright and IPR is retained by the creators or other
copyright holders. Terms and conditions for use of this material are defined in
the [End User Agreement](#).

www.reading.ac.uk/centaur

CentAUR

Central Archive at the University of Reading

Reading's research outputs online

Table 1: Working class support for the centre-right in Denmark and Sweden in recent elections

		Election year			
<i>Denmark</i>	1998	2001	2005	2007	
Liberals	19.3	26.7	24.3	22,6	
VKO	38.1	53.9	53.5	47,6 (+ 1,6 for Liberal Alliance)	
<i>Sweden</i>	1998	2002	2006	2010	
Moderate Party	10	6	13	20	
Alliance	25	26	29	34 (+ 8 for Sweden Democrats)	

Sources: Own calculations; Andersen and Andersen (2003); Oscarsson and Holmberg (2008: Appendix A); Forsberg et al. (2011). *Note:* The figures indicate the share of skilled and unskilled workers that supported right-wing parties in the respective election. VKO: Liberals, Conservatives, and Danish People's Party, the figures for 1998 include the results of the Progress Party, the Danish People's Party's predecessor.